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Exploring shapes is the perfect introduction to mathematical

learning, says Barbara Isaacs...

Learning together

A NEW PARENTING **BOOK FROM MONTESSORI ST** NICHOLAS IS TAKING A FRESH LOOK AT FAMILY LIFE ...

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supporting children's learning. They come to be used as symbols to represent the child's thinking whilst constructing a castle, tower or the Taj Mahal, offering us a real insight into their understanding of the materials and their creative abilities. We also combine the solid shapes with the flat shapes to highlight the structure of the solids and as a preparation for learning names such as 'square based pyramid', 'triangular based prism', 'hemisphere cone' or 'ovoid'. Children are exposed to a wide range of flat shapes with which to tessellate or draw around to make patterns - at first commonly encountered examples, but also more unusual shapes such as curvilinear triangle, oval and ellipse and the guatrefoil. As children explore these we introduce their names, which soon become part and parcel of their vocabulary. I believe this exploration and spontaneous play, combined with the use of proper names, gives young children a solid foundation in geometry that will serve them well in later life.

mongst the proposed changes to the EYFS is an expansion of the early learning goals for mathematics. In recent consultations practitioners have been urged to reflect on the goal, which expects children to be able to count to 20 and also add, double and divide. It somehow overlooks the skills which form the foundation of mathematical thinking, skills which need to be understood before we start formal instruction in arithmetic and the operations of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. Long before children are capable of this we introduce them to shapes, to matching and pairing, sorting and grouping, as well as sharing out. These skills and activities prepare children for later mathematical operations and for later systematic study of geometry.

While the mere mention of 'geometry' will cause anxiety for many, young and old, very young children have no qualms in exploring 3D shapes almost from birth. Think of the rattles, fluffy cubes and squeezable balls they're given to welcome them into the world, or the diverse shapes they play with as they lie under the 'baby gym'. Then, as they become mobile, toddlers begin to build a wide range of structures reflecting their interests and experiences as they use construction toys. In most nurseries the unit blocks which originated with Froebel's gifts are a muchloved resource because they give children opportunities to create and represent towers. houses, castles and airports, and roads on which to wheel their favourite cars. Whilst this play takes place, they compare and absorb the relationships of the various prisms that form the foundation of what the unit blocks offer.

Playing with blocks also affords children opportunities to explore

symmetry, learn about the relationships between the blocks and come to appreciate empty spaces and the light which shines through their structures - the essential principles of architecture as we know it today. Many young children's creations demonstrate a real appreciation of form.

Shaping their future

Montessori nurseries have a large collection of solid and flat shapes to be explored by the children in what is known as the 'sensorial' area. They comprise a set of 10 graded-in-size pink cubes, brown prisms and red rods, as well as a range of cylinders organised by colour according to diminishing circumference and height. These serve as interesting learning tools in their own right, helping children understand the relationships in size and sequence. But it's when they are combined and used in conjunction with the unit blocks that we often see their value in