4 METHO

any children know number names when they first come to nursery; they hear them in everyday conversations, and in nursery rhymes and stories. They also recognise numerals - particularly ones that their birthday, or on washing machines, televisions and cars. Some can also count in sequence from 1 to 10, and even to 20, especially if they have older friends or siblings. Helping young children make

between quantity and these signifiers. In Montessori classrooms we have specifically designed materials that introduce children to the concept of one-toone correspondence between name, quantity and numeral. We scaffold the children's learning by progressing in small steps – starting with counting using wooden rods, spindles, counters and glass beads. The wooden rods are connected and each stripe to make the counting easier. When using spindles or counters we make sure the spindles, counters or beads used are of the same colour. Both of these pedagogical devices are intentional, so as not to distract

children from the task of counting.

The next step is to explore numerals; initially using the sandpaper numbers, which as the name suggests, use textured symbols combines the shape and name (sound) of the number; this approach lies at the heart of all learning in the Montessori classroom. They are eventually replaced with the printed numerals 0–10, then 10–99; later, the green, blue, red and green printed numerals same: having been introduced to quantity and symbols, children have an opportunity to combine the two together.

Numbers for life

These relatively formal activities are supplemented and enhanced as well as embedded into nursery life through daily use are attending on any one day, and singing number songs. There are also counting books on the shelf, and these would include not only familiar titles such as *Counting with* Spy – Numbers in Art (Harper Collins Children's Books).

Regular cooking activities, and setting enhance the daily use of numbers and promote accuracy in counting and number recognition. These tasks also use mathematical language such as more, less take away, highlighting for children the mathematical concepts, such as pairing, sorting and grading, are introduced to children in the sensorial areas of the Montessori classroom. They provide

How should we introduce basic mathematical concepts in a care setting? Let Barbara Isaacs count the ways...

the foundation for mathematical thinking not only in relation to counting but also in preparation for study of shapes, patterns and relationships.

There are counting opportunities in the outdoor classroom, too, where children can number the steps of the slide and identify numerals painted on the ride-ons as they return them to their place in a designated 'parking bay'. They can also practise one to one correspondence when planting out seedlings or counting conkers, acorns, organised into a number line. Traditional playground games such as "What's the time Mr Wolf" and "Farmer in the Den" are engaging ways for children to enhance their counting skills and understanding of



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